8) A study iii willcii tile	assignment to treatmen	it groups is not made by	the investigator is	8)
called				
A) double-blind	B) prospective	c) randomized	D) observational	
9) Determine which of the	he following describes	qualitative data.		9)
i). the make of the	e car with license plate	number VNS-862		
•	te number VNS-862			
iii). the number of	f vehicles whose license	e plate number begins v	vith "VNS"	
A) i and ii only		B) iii only		
C) neither i, nor ii, i	nor iii	D) i only		
10) Which one of the foll	owing data are discrete	?		10)
A) the number of cr	ew members on the bo	at		
B) the latitude and l	ongitude of a boat at se	ea		
C) the speed of the	boat's propeller, in revo	olutions per minute		
D) the latitude and l	ongitude of the boat's p	port of departure		
		11 1 1 .		
11) Determine which of the	•			11)
		Ed placed, and Wabasi		
	ee, I bet on Betty's Girl	to win, Mr. Ed to place	, and wabash to	
show.	D) == 141 == 1 == = 11	o) 1 - (1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	D) 11	
A) ii only	B) neither i nor ii	C) both i and ii	D) i only	
12) Determine which of the	he following describes	quantitative data.		12)
i). the name of a	•	1		´ ———
ii). the mass of a c	-			
iii). the color of a	•			
A) i and ii only	B) i, ii, and iii	C) i only	D) ii only	
13) A medical researcher	wants to determine wh	ether exercising can lov	wer blood pressure.	13)
At a health fair, he me	easures the blood press	ure of 100 individuals a	and interviews them	
about their exercise h	abits. He divides the in	dividuals into two cates	gories: those whose	
typical level of exerci	se is low, and those wh	nose level of exercise is	high. Is this a	
randomized experime	ent or an observational	study?		
A) Randomized exp	periment	B) Observational st	tudy	
14) Is the following varia	ble at the interval or the	e ratio level of measure	ment?	14)
The weight in pounds				,
A) Interval	•	B) Ratio		
15) Is the following varia	hle at the interval or the	e ratio level of measure	ment?	15)
The year of your birth		c radio level of illeasure.		
A) Interval	-	B) Ratio		

•	•	s to the adults at a school		16)
ask the recipient to indicate whether they believe in anthropogenic global warming. The				
		npleted leaflet should be re	eturned to the	
•	kind of sample that is	•		
A) stratified samp		B) sample of conve	nience	
C) systematic sam	ple	D) cluster sample		
17) Determine which of	the following describ	es ordinal data.		17)
•	ls are Georgia, Amitha			·
•	umbers are 2, 7 and 13	•		
A) neither i nor ii	B) ii only	C) both i and ii	D) i only	
18) Determine which of	the following describ	es nominal data.		18)
•		n, large, and jumbo pizzas.		, <u> </u>
•		ppings are pepperoni, black		
mushrooms.	1 1		,	
A) both i and ii	B) i only	C) ii only	D) neither i nor ii	
19) People are reluctant	to admit to behavior t	hat may reflect negatively	on them. This can	19)
lead to				· —
A) social acceptab	ility bias	B) hurt feelings		
C) sampling bias	J	D) voluntary respon	se bias	
20) A pollster randomly	samples 145 Democr	ats, 154 Republicans and 1	9 Independents (all	20)
registered voters) in	Metro City and asks	each poll participant which	mayoral candidate	
		ple that the pollster is usin		
A) sample of conv	•	B) voluntary respon	-	
C) stratified samp		D) cluster sample		
21) A public health rese	archer is designing a s	study of the effect of diet o	n heart disease. The	21)
researcher knows th	at the diets of men and	d women tend to differ and	that men are more	
susceptible to heart	disease. To be sure that	at both men and women ar	e well represented,	
the study comprises	a simple random sam	ple of 100 men and anothe	r simple random	
	<del>-</del>	ole do these 200 people rep	<del>-</del>	
A) Stratified	1	B) Voluntary respon		
c) Cluster		D) Systematic		
22) Choose the answer l	pelow that best comple	etes the following statemen	nt.	22)
A i	s a number that descri	bes a sample.		
A) population	B) statistic	C) measurement	D) parameter	

23) Determine which of the following describes quantitative data.				23)
ii). the speed of	an object in feet an object in meters per of objects that are blue			
A) i only	B) iii only	C) i and ii only	D) i, ii, and iii	
•		send an email to express the sare received. What kinds	•	24)
A) Stratified		B) Voluntary respon	ise	
c) Systematic		D) Cluster		
25) Which of the following is the best description of a double-blind experiment?				
, ±	in which neither the in we been assigned	vestigators nor the subject	s know how the	
B) an experiment in which both the investigators and the subjects are hidden from the others' views				
C) an experiment in which the subjects are blindfolded so they cannot see which treatment is applied to them				
D) an experiment names	in which neither the in	vestigators nor the subject	s know the others'	
26) A pollster asks a group of six voters about their political affiliation (Republican, Democrat, or Independent), their age, and whether they voted in the last election. The				26)

Voter	Political Affilation	Age	Voted in Last Election?
1	Republican	34	Yes
2	Democrat	56	Yes
3	Democrat	21	No
4	Independent	28	Yes
5	Republican	61	No
6	Independent	46	Yes

What are the data for individual #3?

results are shown in the following table.

A) Political affiliation, age, voted in last election

B) Democrat, 21		
c) Political affiliation		
D) Democrat, 21, no		
27) When rolling two six-sided dice, your tota (double sixes). Characterize the nature of t	, , ,	27)
A) qualitative and discrete	B) qualitative and continuous	
C) quantitative and continuous	D) quantitative and discrete	

28) To	To study the effect of air pollution on respiratory health, a group of people in a city with				
hig	high levels of air pollution and another group in a rural area with low levels of pollution				
are	examined to determine their lung capa	acity. Is this a randomized experiment or an			
obs	servational study?				
ļ	A) randomized experiment	B) observational study			
29) An	An electronics manufacturer test every 50th cell phone to verify that it is functioning				
-	properly. Identify the kind of sample that is being used.				
•	A) cluster sample	B) stratified sample			
	c) systematic sample	D) simple random sample			
·	r, ., .,	-, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
30) Is t	he following variable at the interval or	the ratio level of measurement?	30)		
•	e year you started school				
	A) Interval	B) Ratio			
,	y Interval	b) Ruito			
21) In :	a randomized experiment if there are l	arge differences in outcomes among the	31)		
•	In a randomized experiment, if there are large differences in outcomes among the treatment groups, we can conclude that the differences are due to				
1100	timent groups, we can conclude that the	differences are due to			
	A) the treatments	B) random luck			
	c) deliberate data manipulation	D) experimental error			
(	c) democrate data mampulation	b) experimental cirol			
22) <u>A</u> 1	nedical researcher wants to determine	whether exercising can lower blood pressure.	32)		
		pressure to participate in the study. She assigns			
		an exercise program that includes daily			
		ther 50 to refrain from vigorous activity. She			
		e 100 individuals both before and after the			
	dy. Is this a randomized experiment or	•			
F	A) Randomized experiment	B) Observational study			
00\ I	a standar soundarsted of the Haringanitar of	Colour do I Duttonhou and collegeness at died	00)		
,	3	Colorado, J. Ruttenber and colleagues studied	33)		
-	-	s nuclear weapons production facility near			
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	of workers who had contracted lung cancer and			
		g cancer. They looked back at plant records to			
	determine the amount of radiation exposure for each worker. The purpose of the study				
	was to determine whether the people with lung cancer had been exposed to higher levels				
		n lung cancer. Was this a cohort study or a			
	e-control study?				
ļ	A) Cohort study	B) Case-control study			
	he following variable at the interval or	the ratio level of measurement?	34)		
	ur age in years				
A	A) Interval	B) Ratio			

35) A _	is a variab	le related to both the	treatment and	the outcome.	35)
A	a) dependent	B) perplexer	C) cohort	D) conf	ounder
•	ich one of the follow	•	ious?		36)
	a) all of these represe				
	3) the number of mus				
	the number of time				
	)) the time remaining	g for an MP3 music	download		
37) In a	recent study, Z. Zh	ao and colleagues m	easured the leve	els of formaldehyde	in the air 37)
in 3	34 classrooms in the	schools in the city of	f Taiyuan, Chir	a. On the same day,	they gave
-		•		s, asking them whet	•
		• •		eks, wheezing, or sho	ortness of
	ath). They found tha				
	maldehyde reported	more respiratory pro	oblems. Was the	study prospective,	
	ss-sectional, or				
	ospective?  O Cross-sectional	B) Prospec	etive	c) Retrospective	70
7	y Cross-sectional	в) 1 103рск	ttive	c) Renospeenv	C
38) Wh	ich one of the follow	wing data are contin	ious?		38)
Α	the number of repr	resentatives of each	species in the pa	ark	
Е	3) the rankings of the	trees, from most nu	merous to least	numerous	
C	c) the average height	of a sample of trees			
С	) the number of spec	cies of trees in a parl	ζ		
39) Wh	ich of the following	is the best descripti	on of a random	zed experiment?	39)
-	a) an experiment in v	-		-	
_	»		1		
	s) an experiment in v			ndomly to avnamima	atal unita
	o) an experiment in v		U	ndomly to experiment	itai uiiits
L	o) an experiment in v	vinch die experimen	iai uiiiis are sei	ected at random	
40) In a	a study conducted at	the University of Co	olorado, J. Rutte	enber and colleagues	studied 40)
-	•	•	-	s production facility	
				ad contracted lung ca	
	• 1	•	•	oked back at plant re	
				r. The purpose of the	
		* *	•	been exposed to high	
			ung cancer. Wa	s the study prospect	ive,
	ss-sectional, or retro	•	ıti.	0) (	mal
P	(a) Retrospective	B) Prospec	uve	c) Cross-sectio	nai

41) Every 10 years, the U.S. Census Bureau attem United States. To check the accuracy of their confidence of census districts (roughly equivalent to a city sampled districts. What kind of sample is form A) Voluntary response	count in a certain city, they draw a sample block) and recount everyone in the	41)
C) Systematic	D) Cluster	
42) A recent study compared the heart rates of 19	infants born to nonsmoking mothers with	42)
those of 17 infants born to mothers who smoke pregnant and after giving birth. The heart rates	•	
slower on the average for the smoking mothers study?	s. Was this a cohort study or a case-control	
A) Cohort study	B) Case-control study	
43) A pollster asks a group of six voters about the	ir political affiliation (Republican,	43)
Democrat, or Independent), their age, and whe results are shown in the following table.	ther they voted in the last election. The	

	Political		Voted in Last
Voter	Affilation	Age	Election?
1	Republican	34	Yes
2	Democrat	56	Yes
3	Democrat	21	No
4	Independent	28	Yes
5	Republican	61	No
6	Independent	46	Yes

Identify the variables.

- A) voted in last election
- B) Political affiliation
- C) Political affiliation, age, voted in last election
- D) age

A) Interval

44) A pollster wants to estimate the proportion of voters in a certain town who are Democrats. He goes to a large shopping mall and approaches people to ask whether they are Democrats. Is this a simple random sample?			
A) yes B) no			
45) Is the following variable at the interval or the ratio level of measurement?	45)		
The sales price of a car			

B) Ratio

46) In a study conducted at the University of Southern California, J. Peters and colleagues studied elementary school students in 12 California communities. Each year for 10 years,				46)
they measured the resp				
the communities. Was	this a cohort study or a	case-control study?		
A) Cohort study		B) Case-control st	tudy	
47) By visiting homes door	-to-door, a municipalit	y surveys all the hou	seholds in 149	47)
randomly-selected neig	hborhoods to see how	residents feel about a	a proposed property	
tax increase. Identify th	• •	-		
A) systematic sample		B) cluster sample		
C) voluntary response	e sample	D) stratified samp	le	
48) Choose the answer belo	ow that best completes	the following statem	ent.	48)
A is a number	er that describes a popu	ılation.		
A) summary	B) statistic	C) parameter	D) sample	
49) Determine which of the	e following describes n	ominal data.		49)
•	of the week are Friday		day.	, <u> </u>
-	of the week is Friday, i	my second-favorite is	Saturday, and	
third-favorite is I	•	O) :: amle:	D) :l	
A) both i and ii	B) neither i nor ii	C) ii only	D) i only	
50) A recent study compare			=	50)
those of 17 infants born		•	•	
pregnant and after givin	•		•	
slower on the average f		rs. Was the study pro	spective,	
cross-sectional, or retro	•	tional O	Dunganactiva	
A) Retrospective	B) Cross-sec	tionai C)	Prospective	
51) In a study conducted at	the University of Sout	hern California, J. Pe	eters and colleagues	51)
studied elementary sch	ool students in 12 Calif	fornia communities. 1	Each year for 10 years,	
they measured the resp	iratory function of the	children and the leve	ls of air pollution in	
the communities. Was	• • •		trospective?	
A) Retrospective	B) Cross-sec	tional C)	Prospective	
52) A television newscaste	r invites viewers to two	eet their opinions on	a proposed bill on	52)
immigration policy. Mo	ore than 50,000 people	express their opinion	ns in this way.	
A) Systematic		B) Voluntary resp	onse	
C) Stratified		D) Cluster		

	A telephone company wants to estimate the proportion of customers who are satisfied with their service. They use a computer to generate a list of random phone numbers and call those people to ask them whether they are satisfied. Is this a simple random sample?		
	A) yes	B) no	-
•	_	erval or the ratio level of measurement?	54)
	The time that your first class start		
	A) Interval	B) Ratio	
55)	The names of all 126 students in a	professor's class are written on identical slips of	of 55)
	paper, and the slips are placed into	a large glass jar. Then, the professor selects 14	1
	random slips from the jar. Identify	the kind of sample that is being used.	
	A) simple random sample	B) sample of convenience	
	C) cluster sample	D) systematic sample	
56)	Is the following variable at the int	erval or the ratio level of measurement?	56)
	The score on an SAT exam (range	is 200 to 800 points)	
	A) Interval	B) Ratio	
57)	In a recent study, Z. Zhao and col	eagues measured the levels of formaldehyde in	the air 57)
	questionnaires to 1993 students as had experienced respiratory proble	the city of Taiyuan, China. On the same day, the ed 11–15 in those schools, asking them whether the succession of the classrooms with higher levels of	r they
	•	nts in the classrooms with higher levels of	
	case-control study?	ratory problems. Was this a cohort study or a	
	A) Cohort study	B) Case-control study	
58)	The question		58)
	"Do you favor a higher standa water?"	d of living, even though it produces unclean air	r and
	is an example of		
	A) framing	B) leading question bias	
	C) sampling bias	D) random sampling	
59)	Which of the following sample ty	es should you always regard as unreliable?	59)
	A) voluntary response samples	B) stratified samples	
	C) cluster samples	D) simple random samples	
60)	An app produces a message reque	sting customers to click on a link to rate the app	o. 60)
	A) Voluntary response	c) Cluster C) Systematic	

	In a small town, 84% of the residents, aged 16 or more years old, own a car. Is this an example of statistic or a parameter?					
02	A) Statistic	parameter.	B) Parameter			
,	A radio talk show invites people to call in and state whether or not they think that sexual				62)	
h	arassment in the work	-	•			
	A) Voluntary response	9	B) Self-interest	*11*4		
	C) Sampling		D) Social acceptab	oility		
•	a recent poll, 64% of the respondents supported stricter gun laws. Is this an example					
0	of statistic or a parameter?		_			
	A) Statistic		B) Parameter			
64) W	When experimental units are people, they are sometimes called					
	A) personnel	B) human units	C) subjects	D) topics		
65) A	small brew pub sent of	out questionnaires to	o a simple random samp	ole of 250 customers	65)	
as	sking whether they wo	uld like the brewery	to include an imperial	stout in their regular		
O	fferings. Of the 250 qu	estionnaires, 12 we	re returned and 10 of th	ose were in favor of		
ir	cluding the stout. Spe	cify the type of bias	involved.			
	A) Sampling		B) Nonresponse			
	C) Voluntary response	e	D) Self-interest			
66) A	A(n) makes it difficult to determine whether an experimental				66)	
	utcome is due to the ap			•	, <u> </u>	
	A) confounder	. 1	B) perplexer			
	C) uncooperative subj	ject	D) error			
67) O	of the televisions offere	ed at an electronics	store 42% cost less that	n \$500 00. Is this an	67)	
•	Of the televisions offered at an electronics store, 42% cost less than \$500.00. Is this an example of statistic or a parameter?					
02	A) Statistic	i parameter.	B) Parameter			
68) T	The characteristics of individuals about which we collect information are called				68)	
	A) clusters	B) variables	C) samples	D) data		
69) A	A is a type of sample that is analogous to a lottery.				69)	
, - <del>-</del>	A) sample of convenience		=	B) population		
	C) simple random sar		D) cluster			

70) A pollster asks a group of six voters about their political affiliation (Republican, Democrat, or Independent), their age, and whether they voted in the last election. The results are shown in the following table.

	Political		Voted in Last
Voter	Affilation	Age	Election?
1	Republican	34	Yes
2	Democrat	56	Yes
3	Democrat	21	No
4	Independent	28	Yes
5	Republican	61	No
6	Independent	46	Yes

	6	Independent	46	Yes	]	
	How many in	ndividuals are the	re?			
	A) 74	B) 6	10.	c) 21	D) 246	
	ŕ	ŕ		ŕ	·	
		_		said they use tobaco	co products. Is this an	71)
	-	tatistic or a paran	neter?	-> D		
	A) Statistic	<b>;</b>		B) Parameter		
72)	The values of	f variables are cal	lled .			72)
,	A) data		ariables	C) clusters	D) samples	,
73)	An experime	ent that tends to o	verestimate or	underestimate the t	rue value is said to be	73)
	A) biased	•		B) randomized		
	C) un-rand	omized		D) flagrant		
	,			, 2		
,		•			lieve them to have the	74)
	•	uce in the city. S <sub>1</sub>	pecify the type		. 1 '1'.	
	-	ry response		B) Social accep	•	
	C) Self-inte	erest		D) Leading que	estion	
75)	In an experin	nent, the	is wl	hat is measured on	each experimental unit.	75)
,	A) subject		eatment	C) outcome	D) category	, <u> </u>
76)		is a subset of a po	opulation.			76)
	A) sample			B) sample of co		
	C) cluster			D) simple rand	om sample	
77)	The entire co	ollection of indivi	duals about wh	nich information is	sought is called a	77)
	·	ion		D) simula non d	om complo	
	A) populati	IOH		B) simple rand	om sample	
	CILCHINE			LA SATHUAG		

78) Determine whether the statement is true or false.  In a cross-sectional study, measurements are made at only one point in time.	78)
<ul><li>79) Determine whether the statement is true or false.</li><li>A sample of convenience is never acceptable.</li></ul>	79)
80) Determine whether the statement is true or false.  In a case-control study, the outcome has occurred before the subjects are sampled.	80)
81) Determine whether the statement is true or false.  Observational studies are generally more reliable than randomized experiments.	81)

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

Answer Key Testname: C1

- 1) B
- 2) D
- 3) C
- 4) A

- 5) C 6) C 7) C
- 8) D
- 9) A
- 10) A
- 11) C
- 12) D
- 13) B
- 14) B
- 15) A
- 16) B
- 17) A
- 18) C
- 19) A
- 20) C
- 21) A
- 22) B
- 23) D
- 24) B
- 25) A
- 26) D
- 27) D
- 28) B
- 29) C
- 30) A
- 31) A
- 32) A 33) B
- 34) B
- 35) D
- 36) D 37) A
- 38) C
- 39) C
- 40) A
- 41) D
- 42) A 43) C
- 44) B
- 45) B
- 46) A
- 47) B 48) C
- 49) D
- 50) C

## Answer Key Testname: C1

- 51) A
- 52) B
- 53) A
- 54) A
- 55) A
- 56) A
- 57) A
- 58) B
- 59) A
- 60) A
- 61) B
- 62) A
- 63) A
- 64) C
- 65) B
- 66) A
- 67) B
- 68) B
- 69) C
- 70) B
- 71) A
- 72) A
- 73) A
- 74) C
- 75) C
- 76) A 77) A
- 78) TRUE
- 79) FALSE
- 80) TRUE
- 81) FALSE